Serial No.: 10/535,764 Filed: March 15, 2006

Page : 2 of 14

Amendments to the Claims:

This listing of claims replaces all prior versions and listings of claims in the application:

Listing of Claims:

- 1. (Currently amended) A method for isolating nucleic acid encoding an antibody that binds to an antigen of against a lesional tissue, wherein the method comprises the steps of:
- (a) isolating a single lesional tissue-infiltrating B cell from a lesional tissue by a technique that comprises using laser microdissection (LMD) to excise a region comprising the B cell from a section of the lesional tissue; and
- (b) obtaining a polynucleotide encoding an antibody heavy chain and a polynucleotide encoding an antibody light chain of the isolated B cell, wherein the antibody is specific for an antigen of the lesional tissue.
- 2. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the lesional tissue is a cancer tissue.
- 3. (Canceled)
- 4. (Previously presented) The method of claim 1, wherein step (b) comprises the step of amplifying a nucleic acid encoding an antibody variable region.
- 5-8. (Canceled)
- 9. (Currently amended) A method for producing an antibody, wherein the method comprises the steps of:

Serial No.: 10/535,764 Filed: March 15, 2006

Page : 3 of 14

(a) isolating a single lesional tissue-infiltrating B cell from a lesional tissue by a technique that comprises using LMD to excise a region comprising the B cell from a section of the lesional tissue;

- (b) obtaining a polynucleotide encoding an antibody heavy chain and a polynucleotide encoding an antibody light chain of the isolated B cell;
 - (c) preparing one or more expression vectors comprising the polynucleotides;
- (d) transforming a host cell with the one or more expression vectors to obtain a transformed host cell expressing the polynucleotides;
 - (e) culturing the transformed host cell; and
- (f) recovering an antibody expressed by the transformed host cell, wherein the antibody binds to an antigen of the lesional tissue.

10-11. (Canceled)

- 12. (Previously presented) The antibody production method of claim 9, wherein the method further comprises the steps of:
 - (1) contacting the antibody obtained by the method of claim 9 with a test lesional tissue;
 - (2) detecting binding between the antibody and the test lesional tissue; and
 - (3) selecting the antibody if it binds to the test lesional tissue.

13-14. (Canceled)

- 15. (Previously presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the method is repeated for twenty or fewer B cells.
- 16. (Previously presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the method is repeated for five or fewer B cells.

Serial No.: 10/535,764 Filed: March 15, 2006

Page : 4 of 14

17. (Previously presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the lesional tissue is removed from a patient by surgical excision.

- 18. (Currently amended) The method of claim [[3]]1, wherein the lesional tissue is frozen.
- 19. (Currently amended) The method of claim [[3]]1, wherein the lesional tissue is fixed.
- 20. (Previously presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the B cell is a human B cell.
- 21. (Previously presented) The method of claim 1, further comprising obtaining the sequence of a variable region of the antibody heavy chain or light chain.
- 22. (Previously presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the lesional tissue is an arteriosclerotic lesion.
- 23. (Previously presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the lesional tissue is an inflammatory disease lesion.
- 24. (Previously presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the lesional tissue is a lesion generated by an infectious pathogen.
- 25. (Previously presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the lesional tissue is an autoimmune disease lesion.
- 26. (Previously presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the lesional tissue is an artificially prepared lesion.

Serial No.: 10/535,764 Filed: March 15, 2006

Page : 5 of 14

27. (Previously presented) The method of claim 2, wherein the cancer tissue is selected from the group consisting of breast, lung, liver, colon, pancreas, prostate, and skin cancer.

- 28. (Previously presented) The method of claim 12, wherein the test lesional tissue is the lesional tissue from which the B cell was isolated.
- 29. (Previously presented) The method of claim 12, wherein the test lesional tissue is from an individual different than the individual from whom the B cell was isolated.
- 30. (Currently amended) A method for isolating nucleic acid encoding an antibody <u>that binds to</u> an antigen of against a lesional tissue, wherein the method comprises:
- (a) isolating a single lesional tissue-infiltrating B cell from a lesional tissue by a technique that comprises using LMD to excise a region comprising the B cell from a section of the lesional tissue;
- (b) obtaining a first polynucleotide encoding an antibody heavy chain and a second polynucleotide encoding an antibody light chain of the isolated B cell; and
- (c) repeating steps (a) and (b) at least once to obtain polynucleotides encoding antibody heavy chains and light chains of at least one more lesional tissue-infiltrating B cell from the lesional tissue, wherein the antibody binds to an antigen of the lesional tissue.